ON THE STATUS AND THE RIGHTS OF THE FAMILIES OF HEROES, INVALIDS, VETERANS AND MEMBERS OF KLA AND OF THE FAMILIES OF CIVILIAN VICTIMS OF WAR

Assembly of Kosovo,

Based on Chapter 9.1.26 (a) and 5.1 (J) of the Constitutional Framework for the Provisional Self-Government in Kosovo (Regulation no. 2001/9 dated 15 May 2001);

Having in mind the Resolution of the Assembly of Kosovo adopted on 15 May 2003, on the liberation war of the people of Kosovo for freedom and independence;

With the purpose of regulating the status of the family of the hero, the invalid, the veteran, and the member of Kosovo Liberation Army and members of their families, as well as other categories set forth in this law;

With the purpose of determine the rights and ensuring special protection of the families of the KLA heroes, invalids, veterans, dead invalids, members taken hostage or missing, as well as of the members of their families;

With the purpose of ensuring a legal framework for the recognition and respect of the status and the rights of the carriers of the last war in Kosovo:

Hereby adopts the following:

THE LAW

ON THE STATUS AND THE RIGHTS OF THE FAMILIES OF HEROES, INVALIDS, VETERANS AND MEMBERS OF KLA AND OF THE FAMILIES OF CIVILIAN VICTIMS OF WAR

CHAPTER I
BASIC PROVISIONS

Article 1
Scope of action

This law regulates and determines:

1.1. The status of the heroes, invalids, veterans and members of the Kosovo Liberation Army (KLA in further text) and the members of their families, the special rights and beneficitions of the members of the families of heroes, invalids, veterans, dead invalids,
members taken hostage or missing and members of their families, as well as the procedures for using these rights.

1.2. The status and the rights of civilian victims, civilian persons disabled in the war, and the families of those taken hostage or missing in the war.

Article 2
Definitions

The topics and abbreviations used in this Law have this understanding and meaning:

(1) National Hero is the member of KLA who:

1. Has fallen in the war against the occupation from 30 December 1991 to 19 September 1999.

2. Is wounded by enemy forces and has died within one year from the day of the wounding, most lately one year after 19 September 1999.

3. Has died from an illness resulting from the liberation war of Kosovo, most lately one year after 19 September 1999.

4. Has been a foreign national and has been killed as a member of KLA, for the freedom of Kosovo.

(2) National Hero is the patriot who has acted for the national cause individually or organized in a group, who has been killed in different ways or has fallen in the war against the occupier during all periods of the war for freedom.

(3) KLA Invalid is the KLA fighter, whose organism has been, damaged at least 10% due to a wound or an illness sustained in the war for liberation of Kosovo, or as prisoner in enemy prisons or camps; as well as the foreign national as a KLA veteran.

(4) Civilian Invalid of War is the person, whose organism has been damaged at least 40% due to a wound or injury sustained during the war in Kosovo from 27.02.1998 up to 20.06.1999, as well as other persons whose organism has been damaged above 40% as a result of explosive devices left after the end of the war.

(5) A Veteran and Member of KLA is the citizen of Kosovo and the foreign national who has become a member of KLA and has been registered as a soldier by the commands (headquarters of the operative zones of KLA, respectively the General Headquarter of the KLA, during the period 30.12.1991 up to 20.06.1999.

(6) Civilian Victim of War is considered the person who has died as a result of the war in Kosovo, from 27.02.1998 up to 20.06.1999, as well as the persons gone missing during this period of time, and the persons who have suffered from explosive devices left out from the war.

(7) War Hostage is considered the veteran and the member of the KLA who during the war has been arrested and imprisoned in enemy camps for at least 3 days (72 hours).

(8) Civilian Hostage of the war is considered the civilian person, who during the war has been arrested and imprisoned in enemy camps for at least 3 days (72 hours).
(9) Missing (not found) KLA Soldier is the veteran and the member of the KLA whose fate has not been established yet.

(10) Missing (not found) Civilian Person is considered the civilian person who has gone missing during the war and whose fate has not been established yet.

(11) Members of close family in terms of this law are: the adopted children, step children, parents, step father, step mother, and out-of-marriage husband/wife. The status of the out-of-marriage community according to this law is determined by court procedure.

(12) Advantages in using the rights - according to this law - between members of the family, are determined according to provisions on inheritance. Members of the family of the same line of inheritance, use their rights according to a reciprocal agreement. If such an agreement is not reached, advantage in using the right belongs to that family member, from the same line of inheritance, who has lived in the same family community with the person from whom the right is used.

(13) The stepmother and the stepfather use the rights under this law, if the person from whom the right is being used, has been supported for at least five years prior to his death.

(14) Stepchild is the person whose parent is not alive or has lost the parenthood right by a final court decision, while the person from whom the right is being used has supported him/her at least one year prior to the death, capture, or going missing of the victim.

CHAPTER II
THE RIGHTS SET FORTH UNDER THIS LAW

Article 3
The right to pension and different benefiting

The right to pension and different benefiting shall provide to the beneficiaries financial support and special benefiting, in accordance with the terms and criteria set forth in this law.

Article 4
Forms of Pension

Pensions set forth in this law are:

1. Family Pension used by the family of the hero and the family of the civilian victim, in conformity with the terms and criteria set forth in this law.

2. Personal Invalid Pension used by the KLA invalid and the civilian invalid of war, in accordance with the terms and criteria set forth in this Law.

3. Family Invalid Pension used by the family after the death of the invalid, in accordance with the terms and criteria set forth in this Law.

Article 5
Special benefiting

5.1. The categories included in this Law, which are an object of discussion and regulation and review depending on the status and criteria set forth, are beneficiaries of different benefits.
5.2. Different benefits for beneficiaries of the rights set forth in this Law is:

1. The Addition for Care-Taking and Assistance by the other person is a right which is used by a KLA invalid with a disability level of over 80%.

2. Medical or Physical Rehabilitation is a right used by all invalids of KLA, with priority set according to the level of disability.

3. Primary Health Services are rights which are used, in public health-care institutions, without compensation, by the families of the heroes, invalids, veterans and members of KLA.

4. Secondary and Tertiary Health Services are rights which are used without compensation by the families of the heroes and invalids of the war.

5. Out-of-Country Health Services are rights which are used without compensation by all KLA invalids, if the matter is an illness which can not be cured in our country. This right is enjoyed by civilian invalids of the war for a health situation that is a consequence of the war to which there is no cure in our country.

6. Professional Re-Training is a right which is used by KLA invalid, and the civilian invalid of war, which is half able to work, including here the training for carrying out work which demands professional competence greater than the one he/she has had, independent of him/her having or not a job after the professional training.

7. The Orthopaedic Compensation is a right to orthopaedic means for KLA invalids and civilian invalids of war, who have a damaged organism due to wounding or illness suffered by amputation of extremities, but also for those who have suffered a heavy damage to extremities or total loss of seeing.

8. Advantage in Employment in central and local level institutions of the Civil Service of Kosovo, at the same conditions, is a right used by categories set forth in this Law.

9. Custom Taxes and Taxation Reductions are rights which are used by:

   1. the wife/husband, or the parents in case the hero was not married, and by the KLA invalids from group II to group VII, when they import a vehicle once in five (5) years. In the case the user of the right at sub-point 1 sells the vehicle, gives it away to someone or gives it away in totality, within two years of the buying, is forced to make the compensation of custom tax and other taxes from which he was freed when making the import.

   2. KLA Invalids of war with a 100% disability level, when importing personal vehicles once in ten (10) years, granted by the Government of Kosovo.

   3. family of the hero, of the invalid of war and KLA veterans, on importing technical equipment for performing independent economic or professional activity in family economies. This right can be used only once (1) and can not be passed to third persons.

10. Cheap and reduced tariff for electricity consumption is a right which is used by families of the heroes, KLA invalids and families of civilian victims of war.

11. Acquittal from taxation on real-estates is a right which is used by the families of the heroes, invalids of war, KLA veterans and families of civilian victims, which are in grave financial situation.
12. Double attachment is a right which is used by KLA veterans, as unemployed or employed, for the time spent in the war.

13. Housing Care is a right which is used by the families of the KLA heroes and invalids, for whom the Government of Kosovo shall secure family shelter through building of collective housing buildings. Priority in using this right shall belong to the families of the KLA heroes and invalids, who have not resolved their family shelter.

14. Advantage of enrolment in educational institutions is a right which is used by the persons who are members of the families of fallen heroes of KLA, invalids, veterans, and members of KLA, members of families of the KLA veterans, and civilian invalids, upon condition they pass the necessary margin of points in entrance examination.

15. Expenses of burial, transport, and military honours, are those expenses and ceremonial mortal acts that are compensated by the MLSW, after the death of the KLA fighter or after the procedures of exhumation and identification of the missing KLA soldier.

CHAPTER III
USE OF RIGHTS

Article 6
The rights of the families of KLA heroes

6.1. Family members of the KLA hero, under the terms and criteria set forth in this Law, use these rights:

1. Family Pension,
2. Advantage in employment at same conditions,
3. Custom tax and taxation reductions,
4. Advantage in enrolment in educational institutions,
5. Educational Scholarships,
6. Housing in student dorms without compensation,
7. Free textbooks on primary and secondary education,
8. Housing Care,
9. Cheap and reduced tariff of electricity consumption,
10. Acquittal from compensation of court, administration and public fees,
11. Acquittal from taxation on real-estates,
12. Free health-care in public institutions,
13. Housing without compensation in dorms for elderly people
14. Acquittal from administrative expenses in university education.

6.2. These rights are also used by all the families of the national heroes fallen in different ways in any of the periods of the war for freedom.

6.3. The Husband/Wife who contracts a new marriage looses the rights set forth in this Law, rights which he/she was using as a member of the family of the hero.

6.4. When children of the hero without parental care are beneficiaries of the Family Pension they shall use this right up to the age of 18, respectively the age of 26 if they are in regular education.
6.5. Members of the family of the veteran and member of KLA taken hostage or gone missing, use all the rights, which in this Law are foreseen for the members of the family of the KLA hero.

6.6. The base for the Family Pension of the family of the hero is 180% of the minimal salary paid in Kosovo.

6.7. The base for the Family Pension of the family, which has given two heroes for Kosovo’s freedom, increases for 20%.

6.8. The base for the Family Pension of the family, which has given three heroes for Kosovo’s freedom, increases for 30%.

6.9. The base for the Family Pension of the family, which has given four heroes for Kosovo’s freedom, increases for 40%.

6.10. The base for the Family Pension of the family, which has given more than four heroes for Kosovo’s freedom, increases for 50%.

6.11. Beneficiaries whose right to Family Pension under this Law has been acknowledged are taken off the right to benefit from the Social Assistance Scheme.

Article 7
The rights of KLA invalids

KLA invalids according to the terms and criteria set forth in this Law use these rights:

1. Personal Invalid’s Pension,
2. Addition for Care-Taking and Assistance to other persons,
3. Orthopaedic Compensation,
4. Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Health-Care without compensation in public health-care institutions,
5. Health and physical rehabilitation,
6. Professional Re-Training,
7. Advantage in employment at equal conditions,
8. Taxation and Customs Reductions,
9. Advantage in enrolment in educational institutions,
10. Scholarship for Education,
11. Housing in student dorms with no compensation,
12. Free text-books on primary and secondary education for the invalid’s children,
13. Care-taking in housing,
14. Acquittal from court, administration and public taxes,
15. Cheap and reduced tariff for electricity consumption,
16. Acquittal from taxation on real-estate,
17. Housing in elderly dorms with no compensation.
18. Adaptation of the environment at the house-flat entrance for unhampered movement of orthopaedic equipment.
Article 8
KLA Invalids according to the level of disability

8.1. With the purpose of using the rights set forth in this Law, according to the level of disability, the KLA invalids are divided into eight (8) groups, based on the determined percentage of body damages:

1. Group I - invalids with above 80% body damage, who in order to have a regular life need the care and assistance of another person,
2. Group II - invalids with 71% up to 80% body damage,
3. Group III - invalids with 61% up to 70% body damage,
4. Group IV - invalids with 51% up to 60% body damage,
5. Group V - invalids with 41% up to 50% body damage,
6. Group VI - invalids with 31% up to 40% body damage,
7. Group VII - invalids with 21% up to 30% body damage,
8. Group VIII - invalids with 10 up to 20% body damage.

8.2. Assessment on the level of disability according to paragraph 1 of this article is given by the First Level and Second Level Medical Committee of the Department of the Families of the Heroes, Invalids of War, and Civilian Victims in the MLSW.

8.3. The bases of personal invalid’s pension shall be 140% of the minimal salary paid in Kosovo, during the previous year.

8.4. A KLA invalid with body damage, respectively with a body damage above 80% shall use the personal invalid’s pension at the rate of 100% of the basic pension.

8.5. A KLA invalid with body damage, respectively with a body damage of 71%-80% shall use the personal invalid’s pension at the rate of 80% of the basic pension.

8.6. A KLA invalid with body damage, respectively with a body damage of 61%-70% shall use the personal invalid’s pension at the rate of 70% of the basic pension.

8.7. A KLA invalid with body damage, respectively with a body damage of 51%-60% shall use the personal invalid’s pension at the rate of 60% of the basic pension.

8.8. A KLA invalid with body damage, respectively with a body damage of 41%-50% shall use the personal invalid’s pension at the rate of 50% of the basic pension.

8.9. A KLA invalid with body damage, respectively with a body damage of 31%-40% shall use the personal invalid’s pension at the rate of 40% of the basic pension.

8.10. A KLA invalid with body damage, respectively with a body damage of 20%-30% shall use the personal invalid’s pension at the rate of 30% of the basic pension.

8.11. A KLA invalid with body damage, respectively with a body damage of 10%-19% shall not enjoy personal invalid’s pension.

8.12. A KLA invalid with body damage, respectively with a body damage of over 80% is entitled to additional assistance and care-taking by another person at the level of 30% of the personal invalid’s basic pension.

8.13. If the family of the user of the personal invalid’s pension is also the user of the family pension, than the use of the first right does not exclude the possibility of use of the other right.
8.14. The beneficiary, who has been acknowledged the right to invalid’s pension, does not exclude the right of other family members from benefiting from the Social Assistance Scheme.

Article 9
The rights on Family Invalid’s Pension after the death of the KLA invalid

9.1. After the death of the KLA invalid, the right on family invalid’s pension is used by his/her close family members.

9.2. The base of the family invalid’s pension after the death of the KLA invalid is 80% of the monthly sum of the invalid’s pension paid in the last month.

9.3. The Husband/Wife who contracts a new marriage looses the rights set forth in this Law, rights which he/she was using as a member of the family of the KLA invalid.

9.4. When children of the KLA invalid without parental care are beneficiaries of the Family Pension they shall use this right up to the age of 18, respectively the age of 26 if they are in regular education.

9.5. Other rights from the personal invalid’s pension shall not be transferred to the family invalid’s pension.

Article 10
The rights of veterans and members of KLA

10.1. Veterans and members of KLA according to terms and criteria set forth in this Law use these rights:

1. Double attachment, for the time spent in the war,
2. Primary health-care without compensation in public health institutions,
3. Advantage in employment at equal conditions,
4. Advantage in enrolment in educational institutions,
5. Advantage in educational scholarships,
6. Acquittal from taxation on real-estate, fort those who are in a grave financial situation,
7. Advantage in placement in student dorms,
8. Burial expenses along military honours.

10.2. Rights set forth from point 2 up to 5 of this article are used by the family members of veterans of KLA.

10.3. Because of their contribution and sacrifice in the KLA war against occupying forces, veterans of KLA enjoy immunity in conformity with the laws of our country and international conventions.

10.4. Persons who have been organized as veterans of KLA, who prior to the date 20 June 1999, have departed KLA membership, without an order by the Competent Command of KLA, can not use any right nor have a status according to the provisions of this Law.
Article 11
The rights of the family members of civilian victims of war

11.1. Members of the family of civilian victims of war, according to the terms and criteria set forth in this Law, use these rights:

1. Civilian Family Pension of War,
2. Primary health-care without compensation in public health-care institutions,
3. Acquittal from taxation on real-estate, if the family is in grave financial situation,
4. Cheap and reduced tariff of electricity consumption, if the family is in grave financial situation.

11.2. Pension users, as per the line are: husband/wife, children, out-of-marriage children, adopted children, stepchild, parents (father, mother, stepfather, stepmother).

11.3. Husband/Wife who contracts a new marriage looses the rights foreseen in this Law, which he/she used as a member of the family of the civilian victim of war.

11.4. When children of the civilian victim of war without parental care are beneficiaries of family pension. This right is used by them until age of 18, respectively until age of 26 if they are in regular education.

11.5. Base of Family Pension of the civilian victim of war is 100 % of the minimal salary in Kosovo.

11.6. Members of the family of the civilian victim of war, taken hostage or gone missing in during the period of war, from 27.02.1998 up to 20.06.1999, use all the rights that in this Law are set forth for the members of families of civilian victims of war.

Article 12
Rights of civilian invalid of war

12.1. The right on pension of civilian invalid of war is used by the civilian invalid of war depending on the body damage, respectively the level of disability from 40% to 100%.

12.2. Base for the pension of civilian invalid of war is 100 % minimal salary in Kosovo.

12.3. The civilian invalid of war who has body damage, respectively a level of disability over 80% is entitled personal invalidity pension in the value of 90% of basic pension.

12.4. Civilian invalid of war who has body damage, respectively a level of disability from 61% to 80% is entitled to personal invalidity pension in the value of 80% of basic pension.

12.5. Civilian invalid of war who has body damage, respectively a level of disability from 40% to 60% is entitled personal invalidity pension in the value of 70% of basic pension.

12.6. Civilian invalid of war with a body damage over 40% uses without payment health care services in public health-care centres in Kosovo.

12.7. Civilian invalid of war with a body damage over 80% is acquitted from taxation and custom taxes on the importing the equipment needed in relation to his/her disability.

12.8. The civilian invalid of war who has body damage, respectively a level of disability over 80% is entitled to additions because of assistance and care by another person, in the value of 30% of the personal invalid’s basic pension.
Article 13
The rights on Invalid’s Family Pension
after the death of civilian invalid

13.1. The right on invalid’s family pension, after the death of the civilian invalid, is used by the members of his close family.

13.2. Invalid’s Family Basic pension is 80% of the monthly amount of invalid’s pension paid in the last month.

13.3. Husband/Wife who contracts a new marriage looses the rights set forth in this Law, rights which he/she used as a member of the family of the civilian invalid.

13.4. Children of civilian invalid without parental care are beneficiaries of family pension until the age of 18, respectively until the age of 26 if they are attending regular education.

13.5. Other rights from the invalid’s personal pension shall not be transferred to the invalid’s family pension.

CHAPTER IV
SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Article 14
Sub-legal norms on the implementation of the Law

In order to implement rightfully and efficiently this Law no later than 6 months since the date it entered into force, these sub-legal norms are issued:

(1) By the Ministry of Labour and Social Welfare:

1. On the work of the Medical Committee in the procedure of determining the level of body damage of the organism of the invalid under articles 8 and 12 of this Law,
2. On terms and criteria of professional training of the invalid under article 5 of this Law,
3. On the sum of expenses of transport and burial under article 5 of this Law,
4. On the way of paying for the salary and other expenses under this Law,
5. On keeping evidence on the payments made under this Law and on the control of the destination expenses of the money,
6. On the war and the procedure of determining the double attachment under article 5 of this Law.

(2) By the Ministry of Health:

1. On using the rights for health, respectively physical rehabilitation under article 5 of this Law,
2. On using health-care services by the public health-care institutions under article 5 of this Law,
3. On orthopaedic assistance equipment and other equipment under article 5 of this Law.

(3) By the Ministry of Education, Science and Technology

1. On the way and the procedure of handing free textbooks under article 5 of this Law,
2. On terms and criteria of using the right of scholarship under article 5 of this Law.
(4) By the Ministry of Energy and Mines
   1. On the procedure and the way of using cheap and price-reduced electricity under
      article 5 of this Law.

(5) By the Ministry of Environment and Spatial Planning
   1. On the procedure and the way of adopting access to a building under article 5 of
      this Law.

(6) By the Ministry of Economy and Finance
   1. On the procedure for using custom and taxation yielding under article 5 of this Law.

(7) MLSW in cooperation with other ministries of the Government of Kosovo issues
    other legal sub-norms on implementation of this Law.

CHAPTER V
RECOGNITION OF THE STATUS

Article 15
Competent institutions for status recognition

15.1. The status of a National Hero, Invalid, Veteran, and Missing or Imprisoned Member
       of KLA, is determined by the Ministry of Labour and Social Welfare (Department for
       Families of Heroes, Invalids of War, and Civilian Victims) based on the documentation
       issued by the KPC General Headquarters and, depending on necessity, in cooperation
       with societies created with the war, in accordance with sub-legal norms of this Law.

15.2. The status of the civilian victim and civilian invalid of war is determined by the
       Ministry of Labour and Social Welfare (Department for Families of Heroes, Invalids of
       War, and Civilian Victims) based on the documentation issued by the competent
       institution of the municipality in accordance with administrative procedure, based on the
       request of the family member.

15.3. The status of a National Hero fallen for the freedom of Kosovo is determined by the
       Ministry of Labour and Social Welfare (Department for Families of Heroes, Invalids of
       War, and Civilian Victims) based on the documentation issued by the competent
       institution of the municipality in accordance with administrative procedure, based on the
       request of the family member.

CHAPTER VI
PROCEDURES FOR REALIZATION OF RIGHTS

Article 16
Decisions and Appeals

16.1. Rights set forth in this Law are used by citizens of Kosovo and foreign nationals,
       who have won the status of the respective categories, which are set forth in this Law.

16.2. The submitter of the request for using the rights from this Law, shall submit the
       request at the Office of the Department for Families of Heroes, Invalids of War, and
       Civilian Victims.
16.3. The recognition of the status and the decision on using the rights are issued by the Department for Families of Heroes, Invalids of War, and Civilian Victims of MLSW.

16.4. The submitter of the request can submit an appeal against the first-level decision to the second-level Appeals Committee no later than 15 days.

16.5. The submitter of the appeal against the second-level institution may start an administrative dispute at the Supreme Court of Kosovo no later than 30 days.

16.6. Family Pension, Personal Invalid’s Pension, Family Invalid’s Pension, as well as Additions for care and assistance by another person, are used from the first day of the coming month, since the day of submission of the request, if terms for use of the right have been fulfilled. The day when the decision on this right becomes final is considered as the day when terms, for using the right under this article, have been fully fulfilled.

16.7. In order to regulate and advance the procedures, in accordance with article 14, paragraph 6 of this Law, the Ministry of Labour and Social Welfare, respectively the Department on Families of Heroes, Invalids of War and Civilian Victims, may draft and issue other sub-legal norms.

CHAPTER VII
PROVISIONS ON PENALTIES

Article 17

17.1. If the provisions of this Law are not implemented, a fine of 1.500 to 3.000 Euros shall follow for minor offence for the:
   1. Institution which is competent for the implementation of this Law,
   2. Other involved legal persons who do not follow the provisions of this Law.

17.2. The responsible person of the competent institution and the superior of this person shall be fined with 300 Euros to 1.000 Euros for minor offence under paragraph 1 of this article.

17.3. Any other person who, in order to use the rights of this Law, consciously submits false or falsified documents with the aim of benefiting from the pension schemes of this Law, shall be fined with 200 up to 500 Euros.

CHAPTER VIII
FINAL AND PROVISIONAL PROVISIONS

Article 18

18.1. The requests and the procedures on using the rights set forth in this law, which at the moment are under consideration, shall be regulated and determined by the provisions of this Law once the Law enters into force.

18.2. Special laws shall regulate:
   1. Recognition of the Special Status “Legendary Commander of KLA” for Adem Jashari,
   2. The status of political prisoners,
   3. The status of veterans of resistance,
   4. Recognition of Special Status to the “JASHARI FAMILY”,

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5. Setting forth of locations for building memorials and graveyards for the heroes of the KLA,
6. Decorations and Acknowledgements for KLA Heroes and Fighters,
7. Decorations and Acknowledgements for the Heroes and Fighters for the Freedom of Kosovo,
8. Declaration of National Heroes,
9. Status of persons imprisoned during the war.

Article 19
Implementation of the Law

19.1. Norms and provisions issued by the competent institutions of former KLA and KPC are valid in the implementation of this Law.

19.2. The users of basic pension may use all the rights and benefits set forth in this Law, if they fulfil the terms and criteria under provisions of this Law.

19.3. Beneficiaries of the Law on the Pensions of Disabled Persons can not be uses of rights of this Law.

19.4. The rights set forth in this Law do not become old.

19.5. On the day this Law enters into force UNMIK Regulation 2000/66 of 21.12.2000 and any other legal provision which is in opposition to this Law cease to act.

Article 20
Entering into Force

The present law shall enter into force after adoption by the Assembly of Kosova on the date of its promulgation by the Special Representative of the Secretary-General.

Law No. 02/L-2
23 February 2006

President of the Assembly

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Academic Nexhat Daci